Housing Insecurity During COVID-19

Healthy Housing Initiative

May 11, 2020

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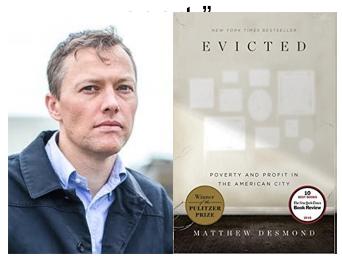
Inspiration



"It is hard to argue that housing is not a *fundamental human need*.

Decent, affordable housing should be a basic right for everybody in this country.

The reason is simple: without **stable** shelter, everything else falls



We CAN Improve Health

Goals of the Healthy Housing Initiative

- 1. Improve public health and reduce inequities
- 2. Prevent individuals and families from suffering in this housing crisis



The Makings of WI's Housing Crisis

Stability

Low-income Wisconsinites are likely to move multiple times per year.

18,592 Wisconsin children are homeless

Quality

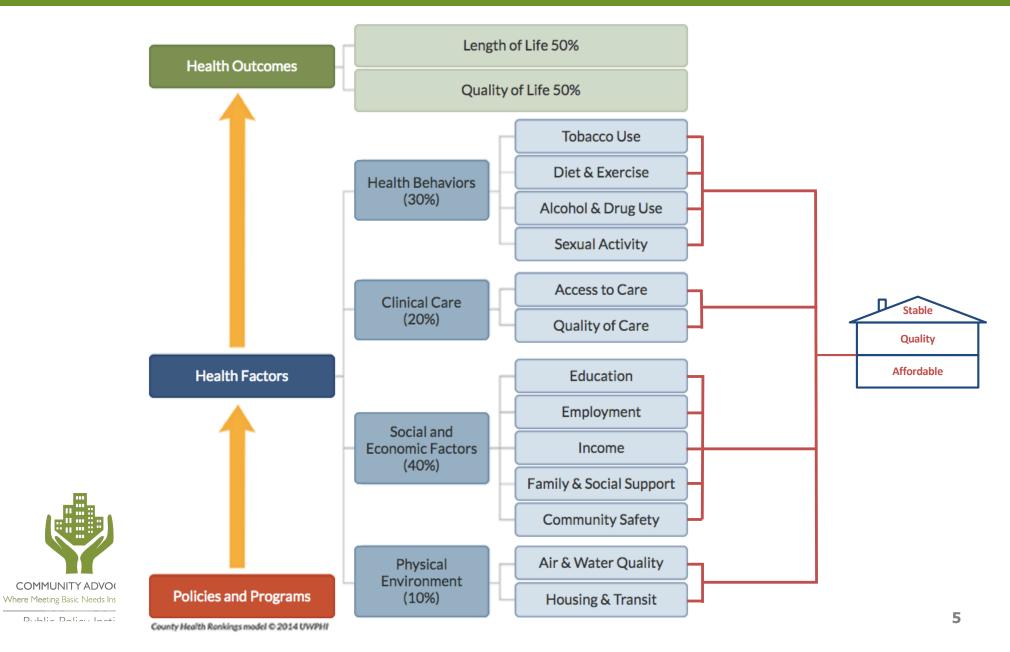
Many low-Income households in WI do not meet the most basic definition of a healthy and safe home.

Affordability

A majority of low-income Wisconsin households spend more than half of their income on housing.



Housing is Acutely and Directly Linked to Health



Housing Insecurity is Connected to Health

Figure 1: Connections Between Housing Quality, Stability, and Affordability

QUALITY

When rents are high compared to how much money people earn, they may settle for lower quality housing.

When the only decent, quality housing is costly, it can strain people's household budgets. Quality housing provides a safe and healthy living environment that is structurally sound and free from hazards.

Poor housing quality can:

Worsen respiratory illness

Cause childhood lead poisoning

Lead to injury or even death

Problems in any of these areas can contribute to chronic stress, which is associated in turn with chronic medical conditions such as heart disease, diabetes, and cancer.

Housing is affordable when people can consistently pay for housing and still meet other needs for themselves and their families.

Unaffordable housing can:

Force people to choose between paying rent and buying groceries or going to the doctor.

Experiencing serious problems with housing quality drives people to move frequently.

When people are forced to move, it increases the likelihood of moving into low-quality housing.

Stable housing means people can choose when and why to move.

Housing instability can lead to:

Mental health conditions like depression and anxiety

Behavioral problems in children

Homelessness

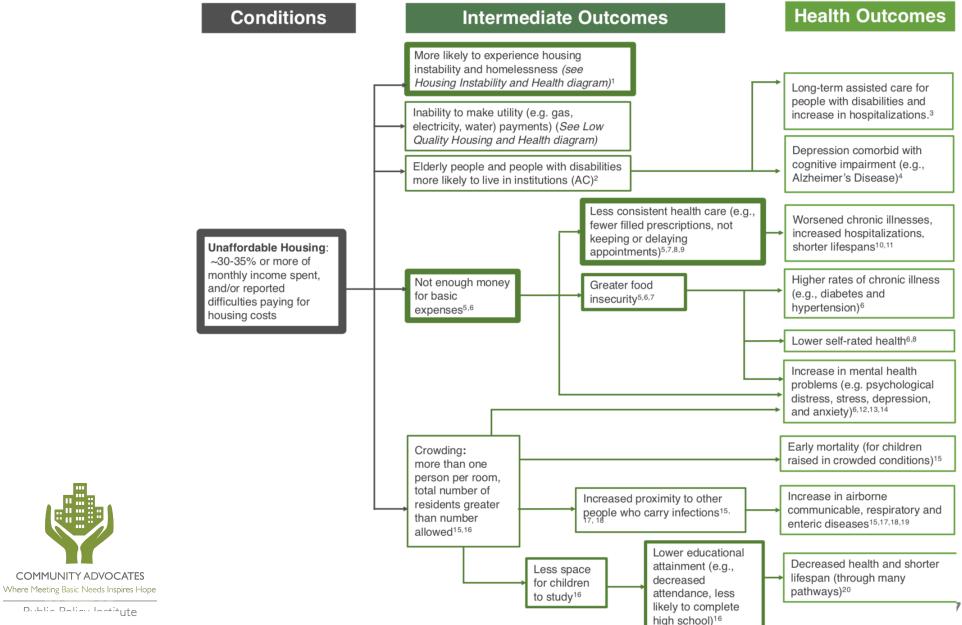
ABILITY

When rents are high compared to how much money people earn, it makes it harder to keep up with rent and can lead to doubling up, eviction, and homelessness.

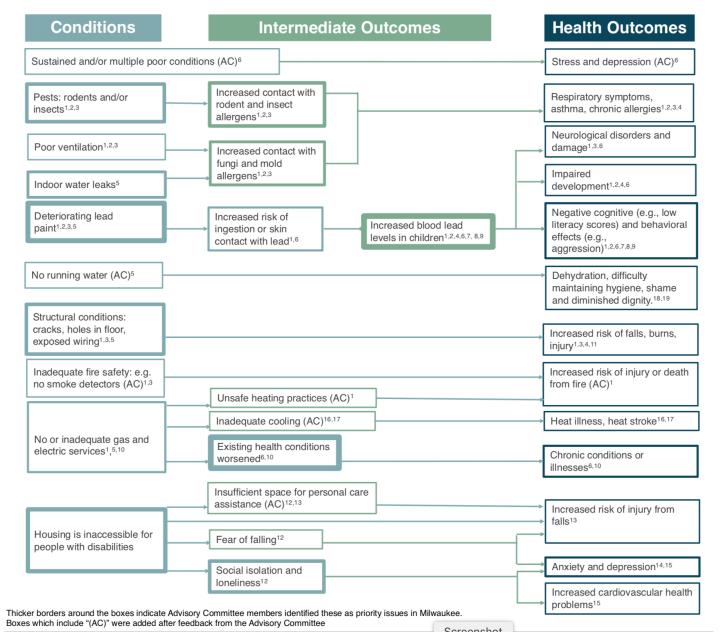
When people are forced to move, it can lead to job loss, making it harder to afford housing.



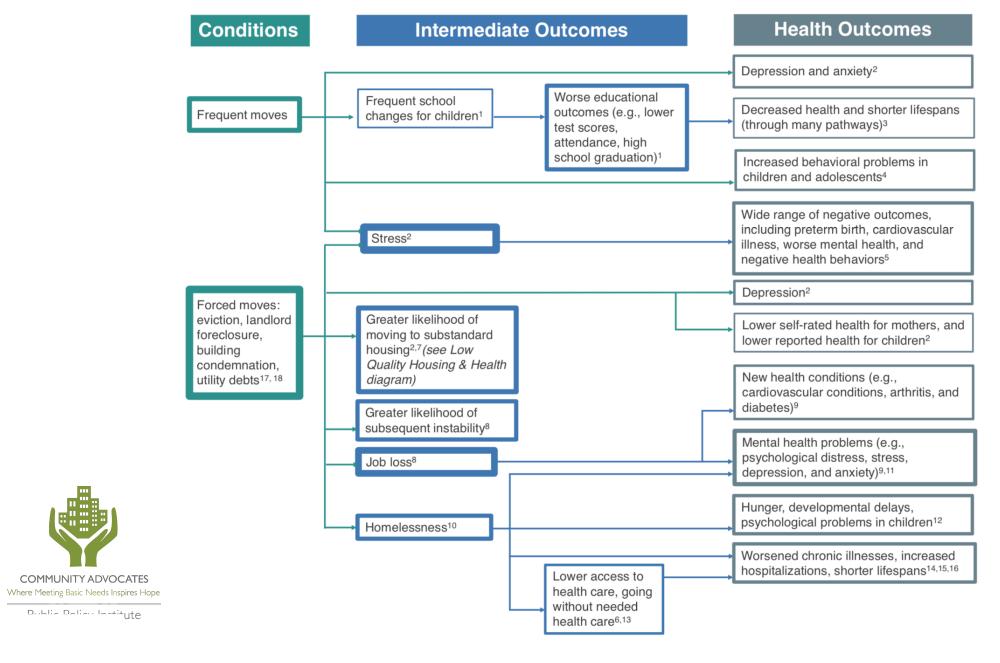
Housing Affordability is Acutely and Directly Linked to Health



Housing Quality is Acutely and Directly Linked to Health



Housing Stability is Acutely and Directly Linked to Health



What Can We Do?

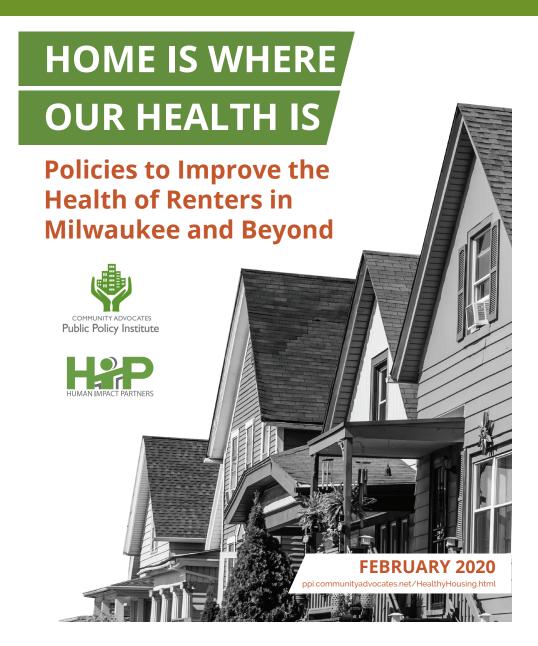
Other, better choices.



What did we do?

- Two years of quantitative and qualitative research
- Six focus groups with more than fifty participants
- Five meetings with a more than 20-person Advisory Committee
- Gathered more than 65 potential policy recommendations
- Prioritized nearly 30 policy recommendations

Report





Recommendations: Increase Incomes

- → Raise the minimum wage to \$15 per hour: (State and City or County)

- → Restore the State Homestead Credit for all low-income households and adjust it for inflation (State)

Recommendations: Affordable Housing Development

- ---> Preserve expiring LIHTC units (City)
- ---> Establish dedicated funding for the city's Housing Trust Fund
- → End exclusionary zoning (Federal, State, Local prisdictions in the Milwaukee region)

Recommendations: Affordable Housing Development

- → Use Tax Incremental Financing for Affordable Housing (City)
- ---> Establish Strategic Acquisition Fund (City)
- → Increase funding for Housing Choice Vouchers (Federal)
- → Provide financial incentives for landlords accepting Housing Choice Vouchers in high opportunity areas (Regional or State)
- Pilot use of Medicaid funds for housing subsidies (Federal)

Recommendations: Quality

- ---> License rental units through proactive code enforcement (State and City)
- → Establish lead-safe certification for housing units (City, State, Federal)
- ---> Expand accessibility accommodation funds (City or County)
- Support healthcare and community development partnerships (City)

Recommendations: Stability

- → Establish a right to counsel for tenants (State, City or County)
- → Reform CCAP (State)
- Standardize rental agreements (City)
- Use BadgerCare funds for housing services and

 COMMUNITY ADVOCATES

 Public Policy Institute

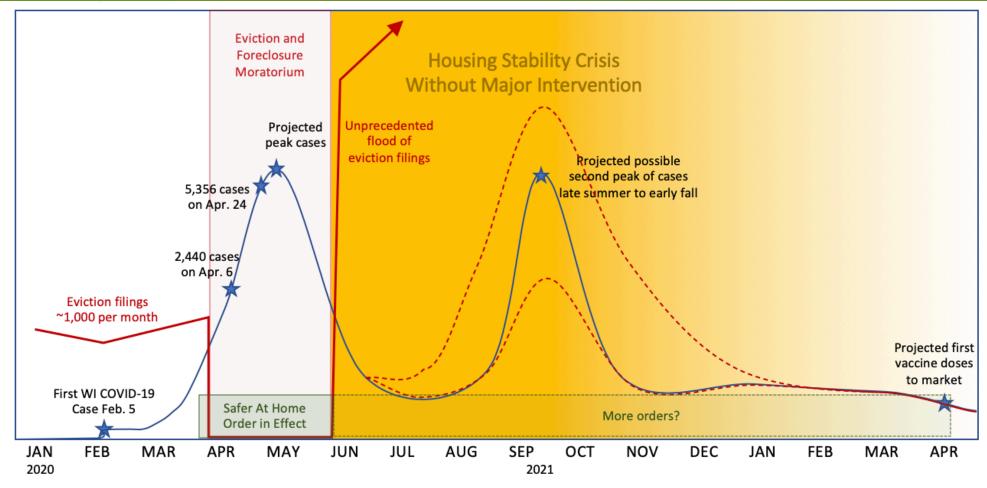
 American Services and BadgerCare eligibility (State)

Recommendations: Stability

- ---> Expand tenant training programs (City or County)
- → Increase funding for Housing First (County)
- ---> Expand housing supports for formerly incarcerated people (County and City)

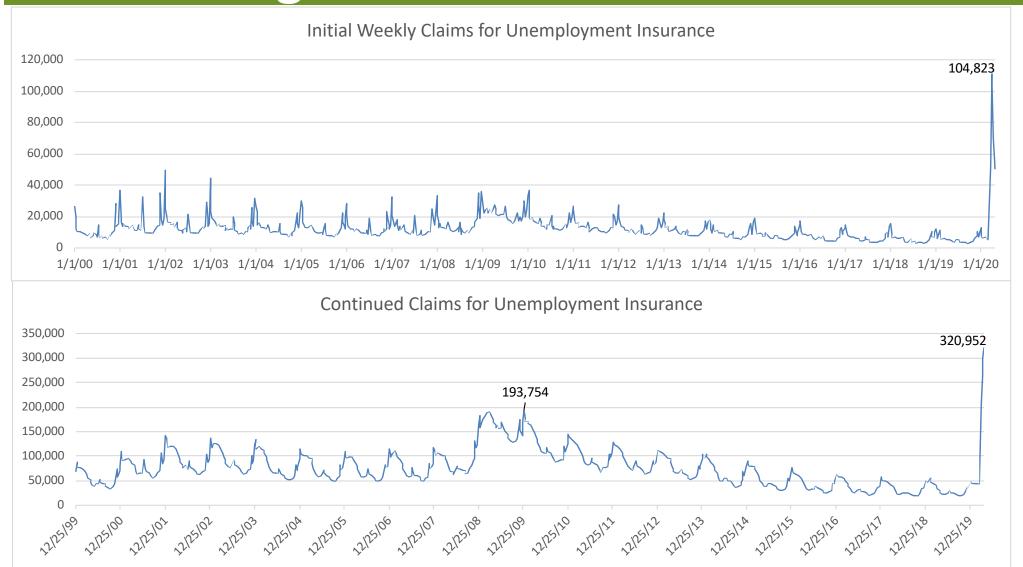


Housing Insecurity During the COVID-19 PANDEMIC

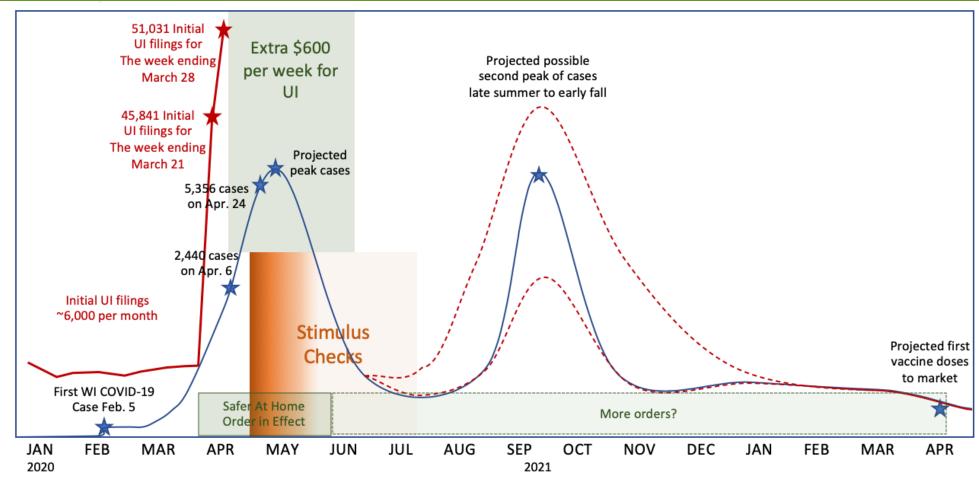




Economic Insecurity During the COVID-19 PANDEMIC



Economic Insecurity During the COVID-19 PANDEMIC





What to Do?

This housing insecurity crisis can be prevented with swift and comprehensive intervention.



Advocacy Effort

- 1a) \$\$\$ to the WI Department of Administration
- 1b) \$\$\$ to the WI Department of Corrections and county jails
- 2) Boost the State Homestead Credit
- 3) Establish a forgivable loan program for landlords
- 4) Empower local governments to lead
- 5) Extend the eviction moratorium order



Who is this guy anyway?

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